

# ON THE SUBANALYTICALLY TOPOLOGICAL TYPES OF FUNCTION GERMS

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ABSTRACT. In this work, we investigate the subanalytically (bi-Lipschitz) topological  $\mathcal{G}$ -equivalence for function germs from  $(\mathbb{R}^n, 0)$  to  $(\mathbb{R}, 0)$ , where  $\mathcal{G}$  is one of the classical Mather's groups, i.e.,  $\mathcal{G} = \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{C}$ , or  $\mathcal{V}$ . We present relationships between these topological equivalence types. In particular, for subanalytic  $C^1$ -function germs with isolated singularities the definitions of subanalytically  $C^0$ - $\mathcal{A}$ ,  $C^0$ - $\mathcal{K}$ , and  $C^0$ - $\mathcal{V}$ -equivalence are equivalent. We show that the Lojasiewicz exponent and the multiplicity of analytic function germs are invariants of the bi-Lipschitz  $\mathcal{K}$ -equivalence. We also prove that every nonnegative analytic function germ  $f$ , which satisfies Kouchnirenko's nondegeneracy condition, is subanalytically bi-Lipschitz  $\mathcal{C}$ -equivalent (and hence, subanalytically  $C^0$ - $\mathcal{A}$ -equivalent) to the polynomial  $\sum_{\alpha} x^{\alpha}$ , where the sum is taken over the set of all vertices of the Newton polyhedron of  $f$ . The talk is based on recent joint work with NGUYỄN THẢO NGUYỄN BÙI.

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